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relinquunt p̄bata ex dictis.

Beneficiēs aut̄ pusillanimis: supabūdās autē chaunus: nō mali qđē igī videt eē neq̄ iniusti: nō enī malefactores sūt r̄c.

Queritur Utrū chaunotes sit extremū magnanitatis. **C**et arguit p̄mo q̄ nō: q̄ cōuenit cū magnanimitate: q̄ chaun⁹ appetit honores magnos sicut magnanimus: igitur. **A**rguit sc̄o: Appetere bonū nō videt esse malū: sed chaunus videt appetere bonū: q̄ appetit honores q̄ sūt maximū bonū int̄ bona extero'ra. In oppositū est Aristo. in textu. Pro cui⁹ sole:

Pri⁹ sciēdū ē/q̄ chaunotes & pusilla nūmitas sūt extrema ip̄l⁹ magnanitatis: iō sūt extrema virtū. **U**ni chaunotes est hūtus inclinans ad defectū honoꝝ ip̄oꝝ. **E**t est aduertēdū q̄ sub chaunore p̄tinē ambītū & p̄su'ptio. **U**n̄ ambītūs sūt circa honores/sic videlicz q̄ ille q̄ appetit honores plusq̄ optet vel aliter q̄ optet: vt puta si appetam⁹ honores maḡ q̄ opera p̄tutū tal⁹ vocat⁹ ambītūs: s̄ q̄ ambītūs appetit dignificari nō pp̄f virtutes/s̄ pp̄f honores exte'riores. **S**̄z p̄sumptuosus ē circa ac⁹ & oþa sic vide'licz q̄ ille d̄r p̄sumptuosus q̄ oþa vltra suā facultātē assūmit: vt si medic⁹ nōdū exptus medicinā regi sine p̄silio altoꝝ p̄sumere dare. **E**t possent dari multa exēpla: ita videlicz q̄ ambītūs q̄ assumit dignitates v̄l officia q̄b⁹ nō ē dign⁹: nō tñvult dignificari illis dignitatib⁹ vel officiūs/ pp̄f honores exte'riores simpli: s̄z pp̄f excellētiores opatiōes. **S**̄z dices quō p̄t illud fieri q̄ sub chaunote p̄tineant̄ duo virtū: & tñ s̄b pusillanimitate p̄tineat̄ solū vñū. **D**ico q̄ certe s̄c s̄b chaunote p̄tineat̄ duo virtū: ita s̄b pusillanimitate q̄ vñū oppōnit̄ ambītūscūtū: vt puta defect⁹ in honoꝝ ip̄oꝝ: vt si q̄s min⁹ appetat ho'nores q̄ optereat: & sc̄dū q̄s oppōnit̄ p̄sumptuo'sitū: vt si q̄ ad officiū aliqd̄ honorabile exercen'dū vbi posset excellētēs opatiōes virtutū exercere: & h̄z sufficiētā in scia amicis & pecunijs ad h̄z req̄si'tis & h̄zāt animū pigrū in illis/d̄r vittosus & oppo'nis p̄sumptuosus. **A**duerte q̄ iste nō est ita mal⁹/ sicut chaunus sibi oppōnit̄: q̄ chaun⁹ sibi oppo'situs tendit ad supbia inuidiā/diligit adulato'res/ subuerit ordinē morū & nature/p̄ferens honores virtutib⁹. **P**icūt s̄c aliq̄ q̄ chaun⁹ q̄ ē p̄sumptuosus simplex. i. q̄ ambītū carer nō est ita mal⁹/ sicut pusil'lanum⁹ sibi oppōnit̄: q̄ talis non solū priuat se honoꝝ exte'riorb⁹: s̄z etiā illis q̄ posset & teneat̄ exerce're. p̄sumptuosus solū peccat: q̄ nitit ad illa q̄ excedit facultātē suā/q̄ tñ nō sūt q̄rēdi nisi pp̄f v̄tu/s

Sc̄dō sciendū est/q̄ difficul'tas ē inter doctores utrū philotimia sit virt⁹: & si sit/vtrū sit virt⁹ distin'cta a magnanimitate. **P**ro cui⁹ solone est aduertēdū q̄ philotimia/est hūtus inclinās ad moderate & debite se habēdū circa puos honores: & sic philotimia d̄r esse virt⁹ circa honores puos/ & magnanimitas circa magnos honores: & sic dic'eret q̄ magnanimitas & philotimia nō eēnt pp̄f diu'les virtutes: s̄z d̄s diuersi modi eiusdē v̄tut⁹: p̄ quā enī v̄tutē h̄o pui stat⁹ opaf circa miores honores sic optet/p̄ eandē virtutē h̄o p̄stitut⁹ suis meritis exigebus in maiorib⁹ dignitatib⁹ opaf circa maiores honores sicut optet. **E**t est aduertēdū q̄ s̄c ipsi⁹ magnanimitas/q̄ est circa magnos honores sūt duo extrema: ita ipsi⁹ philotimie duo sūt extre'ma/lcz noia nō sūt ipsi⁹ imposta: tñ illud q̄d ē in

deficēdō cōter̄ vocat̄ aphilotimia ab a/q̄d est si ne q̄s non amatū honoris: ita q̄ aphilotim⁹ d̄r q̄ p̄ter rōnē deficit ab appetitu rōnis in quis honori bus: tñ extre'mū aliud vocam⁹ qñq̄ noia v̄tutis. s. philotimia: iō dicit Aristo. q̄ philotim⁹ qñq̄ virtu peram⁹: & hoc ē capēdō philotimia p̄ extre'mo in abūdādō ī appetitu paruoꝝ honoꝝ. **E**t tri aduer'tēdū q̄ philotimia/nō solū est circa paruos hono'res: s̄z etiā circa mediocres. **A**risto. non noiauit eālicz bñ fecerit mētōne q̄ in talib⁹ honoꝝ erat supabūdātā defect⁹ & medietas. **E**t sic p̄tz qd sic dīcedū ad rōnes. **U**ni q̄ chaun⁹ appetat honores: h̄ nō ē fīm rōnē rectā. **U**ni nota q̄ appetit̄ honoꝝ ordinat⁹ p̄t nos incitare ad v̄tutes: s̄z inordinat⁹ nō incitare nos ad v̄tutes: s̄z maḡ ad oppositū: **I**o

Conclusio **A**nsik: Chaunotes ē (ponit) extremū magnanitatis: & pusilla nūmitas alteꝝ extrema. q̄ p̄clo relinqt̄ p̄batai. i. no

Mansuetudo aut̄ est qđā medietas circa iras/ innoiato aut̄ exēnte medio r̄c.

Queritur Utrū māsuetudo sit virt⁹ moralis. **A**rguit p̄mo q̄ nō: q̄ ip̄a ēt̄ virt⁹ circa iras: s̄z h̄ est fallū: q̄ circa iras nō est virt⁹. **A**rguit sc̄o sic: Ira impedit animū & rōnē: ḡ circa ip̄am nō est virt⁹. **I**n oppositū ē Aristo. in textu. Pro cui⁹ solutiōe:

Pri⁹ sciēdū est/q̄ dr̄na est inter

Gco. in. 3.
dist. 34. ibi
notādū vlt'
rius.

cupiscibile & irascibile. **U**ni illud d̄r cōcupiscibile qd̄ ex se natū est esse cōuenient̄ vel discōuenient̄: ita q̄ nullo alio posito circa ip̄m natus est sequi act⁹ delectandi v̄l tristāti/seu p̄sequēdī vel fugiēdī: et tale nō respicit irascibilis. **U**ni act⁹ irascibilis est irasci: qd̄ nihil ē alio q̄ appetere vindictā p̄pter apparetē paruipensio nētra q̄ offēdēs ē obiectū tal⁹ act⁹: nō qđē offēdēs qd̄ ex se sit discōuenient̄ cōcupiscibili: s̄z q̄ impedit illud qd̄ est p̄mo cōuenient̄ appetitū el⁹ gustatio: & circa illud irascibilis h̄ret qđā nolle: nō qđē p̄prie refugētis/sicut cōcupiscibilis mala refugit: s̄z magis respūtis siue repellentis: iō nō solū cōcupiscit amouere illud impediēs: s̄z etiā punire. **U**ni q̄ obiectū nō punitū est p̄sī semp̄ irasci est cū tristācia: s̄z q̄ puni' est cū delectatiōe: iō dicebat Aristoles/q̄ ira viri est q̄s mel. **U**ni irati nō punientes tristāki: iō punire ē ip̄is delectabile: vñ nō seq̄t ira nisi vbi nō est spes vindicte. **U**ni si rex faceret pauperi intūritā: vt ille tūc bñ tristāre & odiret re'gēs: nō irascere/q̄ nō sperat vindictā. **E**t q̄ circa talia p̄tingit excēdere & deficere/cōgrū est h̄re v̄tute q̄ inclinet appetitū ad moderate & bñ se ha'bendā circa iras: & talis nō est nō māsuetudo. **E**t tñ dubiū/vtrū clemētia distinguat̄ a māsuetudie. **D**icūt aliq̄ q̄ sic: & dicūt q̄ māsuetudo est modera'tua passiōis interioris: clemētia v̄o moderatiua punitiōis. dicūt etiā q̄ clemētia ē solū superioris: & māsuetudo circa iras q̄scūq̄ & maxime circa p̄sonas eāles adiuvācē p̄ueniētes. **A**lter dicūt aliq̄ & meli⁹ q̄ clemētia differt a māsuetudie in h̄ q̄ clemētia est moderatiua ire & punitiōis supioris aduer'sus iſeriores. **S**̄z māsuetudo est moderatiua earū de v̄l apud oēs. **E**x q̄ p̄t seq̄ q̄ nō oīs datio venie q̄. s. supioꝝ absolu' in inferiorē a pena debita fīm leges p̄ delicto est clemētia: q̄ tal⁹ datio venie nō est p̄formis rōni recte. **P**tz: q̄ ille cui fit tal⁹ venia interdū effici deterioꝝ. **E**tīa respublica qñq̄ maḡ detrimēta patif̄ pp̄f dationē venie. **A**tiā ī datioē venie remittit qñq̄ satisfactio debita p̄ci q̄d ad ita' sc̄ficiā p̄tinet. **U**ni seneca: ī iūrijs alieis facile idulge