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Partem autem regionis ab orientali plaga fluuij

Poſt Brazium βραζίον promontorium: quod gradus habet 65 $22\frac{1}{2}$

Colobi κολοβοὶ. tenent. Poſt q̃s verſus meridiẽ

Tabeini ταβηΐνοι. Poſt

Syrtibes συρτίβεισ. Poſt quos

Apiri ἀπειροὶ. Poſtea

Babyllenij βαβιλλήνιοι. &

Rhizophagi ῥιζοφάγοι. Poſt quos

Auxumitę ἀυξουμιται. quorꝫ ſitus 65 12 Et

Soboridę σοβορίδαι. Poſt

Moliboe μολίβαι. & Megabardi μεγάβαρδοι. &

Nubę νοῦβαι magis occidentales Analitis.

Poſtea ſub Molibis μολίβων

Blemynes βλέμυμεσ. Sub quibus

Didacę Διδάκαι.

Atq; inter Aſtapodẽ amnẽ & Garbatũ montem

Pechini πεχῖνοι. Quibus occidentaliores ſunt

Strutophagi στρουτοφάγει Aethiopes.

Auſtraliores autem monte ſunt

Catadrę κατάδραι. &

Smyrnofera σμυρνοφόροσ regio: pertingẽs uſq; ad

Caloem καλόημ paludem. Poſt quam

Maſtitę μαστίται uſq; ad Nili paludes.

Regionem autem quę ab occaſu eſt huius partis Nili fluuij: tenẽt poſt Cataractam magnam qui Triacontaſchinũ τριακονταςχοινὸν incolunt inter montes Aethiopũ & Nilũ fluuiũ.

Poſt quos ſimiliter verſus Auſtrum

Euonymitę ἐυωνυμίται. poſt media Aethiopię. &

Sebridę σεβρίδαι.

Cõprehẽdũt aũt gẽtes hę Meroen inſulam.

Poſtea ſubiacent Gapachi. Sub quibus

Ptoemphanes πτοεμφαμεῖσ. Sub quibus

Maddupi μαδδοῦπτοι. Sub quibus

Elephãtophagi ἐλεφαντοφάγαι ęthiopes. Sub q̃bus

Poſendarę ποσενδάραι.

Et ſupra paludes regio eſt

Cinamomifera κιναμωμοφόρος.

Inter Nilũ aũt & Aſtapodẽ fluuiũ prope Meroem inſulam.

Memnones μεμνονεῖσ. & qui auſtraliores ſunt

Apęi ἀπαῖοι.

Reliqua regionis quę occidẽtaliora ſũt Aethiopũ mõtibus tenent/poſt Iamnũ ἰαμνομ & Abrochũ ἀβροχον. regionẽ: qui iuxta Phazacam φάζακαμ & Bacalitem βακαλίτημ ſunt. Poſtea

Scenitę σκηνίται. & Trallitę ταλλίται. Poſt quos

Daradorũ Δαραδῶν eſt genus. Poſtea

Oripęi venatores ὀριπαῖοι θηρευταὶ. Poſt quos

Onigbenitę ὀνιγβηνίται ęthiopes

Inſulę aũt iuxta Aethiopiã q̃ ſub Aegypto ẽ hę ſt̃

In Arabico quidem ſinu hę inſulę

Aſtarta ἀσταρτη inſula 66 $22\frac{1}{2}$

Ara Palladis βωμὸσ ἀθηνᾶσ inſula 66 $\frac{1}{6}$ $21\frac{1}{2}$

Gypſitis γυψίτισ inſula 67 $19\frac{2}{3}$

Gomadeorꝫ γωμαδεῶν. inſulę duę $67\frac{1}{2}$ 19

Myronis μύρωνοσ inſula 67 18

Catathręę καταθραιαὶ. & Chelonitides χελωνίτιδεσ inſulę numero duę 68 $17\frac{1}{2}$

Thriſitides θρισίτιδεσ inſulę duę. $67\frac{1}{2}$ $17\frac{1}{2}$

Magorum μαγῶν inſula 68 16

Daphnina Δαφνινη inſula $68\frac{1}{2}$ $15\frac{1}{3}$

Acanthina ἀκανθίνη inſula $68\frac{1}{2}$ 15

μακαρία. (ideſt beata) inſula $68\frac{1}{2}$ 12

Orneon ὀρνεωμ inſula 69 12

Bacchi & Antibacchi βακχου καὶ ἀντιβάκχου. $69\frac{1}{2}$ $13\frac{1}{2}$

Panis πανὸσ inſula $68\frac{2}{3}$ 12

Diodori Διοδώρου inſula 70 $12\frac{1}{2}$

Iſidis ἴσιδοσ inſula 70 $11\frac{1}{2}$

In ſinu autem Analiti αναλίτου.

Mondi μόνδου inſula 77 $8\frac{1}{2}$

Poſt Aromata inſulę hę

Amici ἀμεἰκου inſula 85 2

Mene μηνᾶ inſulę duę 82 $2\frac{1}{2}$

Myrſiaca μυρσιακή inſula 85 1

Ab oriente harum inſularum pelagus eſt Hippadis ἱππαδοσ. dictũ/ cui coniungitur ab ortu ſolis mare Indicum uſq; orientem.

AETHIOPIAE INFERIORIS ISTVS CAP. I X.

Tabula quarta Aphricę.

Quę huic regioni & toti Libyę ſubiacet AEthiopia eſt/ hęc terminatur.

A ſeptẽtrione lineis expoſitis meridionalibus dictarũ regionũ: quę ſcilicet a magno ſinu interioris maris uſq; ad Raptum ῥάπτον educunt̃ promontoriũ: quod gradus habet $73\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{3}$

Auſtralis $8\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{12}$

Pręterea parte Hydatici ὑδατικοῦ oceani iuxta magnum ſinum.

Ab occaſu & meridie terminat̃ terra incognita.

Ab ortu vero Barbarico ſinu/ qui dicitur breue mare: qui extendit̃ a Rapto promontorio uſq; Brachũ promõtoriũ. & deinde terra incognita.

Praſſum πράσσον aũt promõto. gradus habet 80

Auſtralis 15

Qui adiacet ab ęſtiuo ortu ſolis inſula nomine

Menuthias μενουθίασ. cuius ſitus 85 Auſtralis $12\frac{1}{2}$

Hunc quidem ſinum circumtenent Aethiopes

Anthropophagi ἀνθρωποφάγοι. quorum occidentali parte prouenit.

Lunę mons σελήνησ ὄροσ. A quo Nili paludes niues ſuſcipiunt: & fines huius montis gradus habent 57 Auſtralis $12\frac{1}{2}$ & 67

Auſtralis $12\frac{1}{2}$

Supra autem ipſos ſunt

Rhepſij ῥέψιοι æthiopes

Magnũ vero ſinũ q apud occidẽtalem oceanũ eſt tenent Ichthiophagi ἰχθιοφάγοι ęthiopes.

Et his auſtraliores ſunt uſq; ad incognitam terrã qui communi vocabulo Heſperij ἑσπέριοι appel a ntur ęthiopes.

Magis autem orientales ſunt

Anthacę ęthiopes ἀνθάκαι αἰθίοπεσ.

Adhuc autem verſus ortum iuxta totam Libyam regio magna AEthiopum eſt: in qua Elephantes albi omnino gignuntur/ & Rhinocerotes & Tigrides.

Iuxta autem incognitam terram regio Aethiopũ eſt permaxime extenſa: quę vocatur Agiſymba ἀγίσυμβα.

Habet autem regio alia & multa quidem & magna/ pluraq; non nominata uſq; ad incognitam terram. Ex quibus quę ad noticiam peruenere hęc ſunt:

Dauchis Δαυχισ mons: cuius medium 15 Auſtralis 13

Iu ἴου mons: cuius mediũ 10 Auſtra. $8\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{12}$

Ziphe ζίφα montis medium 25

Auſtralis $8\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{12}$